09/543,489 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L11987:9247 CAPLUS ΑN DN 106:9247 Analytical, toxicological and immunological consequences of the use of TТ N-ethyl-N'-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide as coupling reagent for the preparation of meningococcal group C polysaccharide-tetanus toxoid conjugate as vaccine for human use ΑU Beuvery, E. C.; Speijers, G. J. A.; Lutz, B. I. G.; Freudenthal, D.; Kanhai, V.; Haagmans, B.; Derks, H. J. G. M. Rijksinst. Volksgezond. Milieuhyg., Bilthoven, 3720, Neth. CS Developments in Biological Standardization (1986), 63(Use Stand. SO Chem. Defined Antigens), 117-28 CODEN: DVBSA3; ISSN: 0301-5149 DTJournal LΑ English CC 63-3 (Pharmaceuticals) Section cross-reference(s): 4, 15, 33 For the prepn. of meningococcal group C polysaccharide-tetanus toxoid conjugate the reactive reagent N-ethyl-N'-(dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimid e is used. The application of this reagent results in a no. of stable linkages (viz. "peptide" linkages between the polysaccharide and tetanus toxoid, intrachain ester linkages in the polysaccharide component and binding of the N-acylurea deriv. of the reagent) and less stable ones (viz. anhydride linkages). As a consequence of the reaction, the reagent is converted to a nonreactive urea deriv. The toxic properties of the reagent and of the converted reagent were studied. These properties do not contraindicate the use of the coupling reagent for the prepn. of vaccines for human use. In addn. anal. methods were developed for the quant. evaluation of the coupling reagent, the reaction products and for the N-acylurea deriv. of the reagent and of the residual reactivity of conjugates for primary aminogroups. Although no test was performed for the assay of ester linkages in the polysaccharide component of the conjugate, evidence is presented that such linkages may be present.

components. STcarbodiimide coupling Meningococcus polysaccharide; tetanus toxoid polysaccharide carbodiimide coupling; vaccine tetanus toxoid polysaccharide carbodiimide

correlated rather well with the antigenic activity measured in

results of the test for residual reactivity indicated a spontaneous

activity of the polysaccharide component but in an increase of its immunogenic activity as to the induction of IgG antibodies to the

rearrangement of linkages after the prepn. of the conjugate. In addn. the effect of the ratio of coupling reagent-to-polysaccharide and tetanus toxoid on antigenic and immunogenic activities of the conjugate was

studied. An increase of the ratio resulted in a decrease of the antigenic

polysaccharide. The immunogenic activity of the polysaccharide component

heterologous enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay using antibodies to both

ΊΤ Vaccines

(polysaccharide-tetanus toxoid conjugates for)

Polysaccharides, compounds

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(C, tetanus toxoid conjugates, prepn. of, for vaccines)

IT Toxoids

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(tetanus, polysaccharide conjugates, for vaccines)

IT1892-57-5, N-Ethyl-N'-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide RL: BIOL (Biological study)

> (coupling agent, for polysaccharide-tetanus toxoid conjugates for vaccines)

ΙT 32897-26-0P IT

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and toxicity of)
42965-13-9P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)